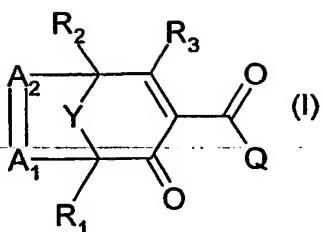


What is claimed is:

1. A compound of formula I



wherein

Y is oxygen, NR_{4a}, sulfur, sulfonyl, sulfinyl, C(O), C(=NR_{4b}), C(=CR_{6a}R_{6b}) or a C₁-C₄alkylene or C₂-C₄alkenylene chain, which may be interrupted by oxygen, NR_{5a}, sulfur, sulfonyl, sulfinyl, C(O) or C(=NR_{5b}) and/or mono- or poly-substituted by R₆;

A₁ is nitrogen or CR₇;

A₂ is nitrogen or CR₈;

R₁, R₂, R₆, R₇ and R₈ are each independently of the others hydrogen, hydroxy, mercapto, NO₂, cyano, halogen, formyl, oxyiminomethylene, C₁-C₆alkoxyminomethylene, C₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₆haloalkyl, C₂-C₆alkenyl, C₂-C₆haloalkenyl, C₂-C₆alkynyl, C₂-C₆haloalkynyl, C₁-C₆alkoxy, C₁-C₆haloalkoxy, C₃-C₆alkenyloxy, C₃-C₆alkynyoxy, C₃-C₆oxacycloalkyl, C₃-C₆thiacycloalkyl, C₃-C₆dioxacycloalkyl, C₃-C₆dithiacycloalkyl, C₃-C₆oxathiacycloalkyl, C₁-C₆alkoxycarbonyl, C₁-C₆alkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₆alkoxycarbonyloxy, C₁-C₆alkylcarbonyloxy, C₁-C₆alkylthio, C₁-C₆alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₆alkylsulfinyl, NR₉R₁₀, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, tri(C₁-C₆alkyl)silyl, di(C₁-C₆alkyl)-phenylsilyl, tri(C₁-C₆alkyl)silyloxy, di(C₁-C₆alkyl)phenylsilyloxy or Ar₁;

or R₁, R₂, R₆, R₇, R₈ are each independently of the others a C₁-C₆alkyl, C₂-C₆alkenyl, C₂-C₆alkynyl or C₃-C₆cycloalkyl group, which may be interrupted by oxygen, sulfur, sulfonyl, sulfinyl, -NR₁₁- or -C(O)- and/or mono-, di- or tri-substituted by hydroxy, mercapto, NO₂, cyano, halogen, formyl, C₁-C₆alkoxy, C₃-C₆alkenyloxy, C₃-C₆alkynyoxy, C₁-C₆haloalkoxy, C₁-C₂alkoxy-C₁-C₂alkoxy, C₁-C₄alkoxycarbonyloxy, C₁-C₄alkylcarbonyloxy, C₁-C₄alkoxy-carbonyl, C₁-C₄alkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₆alkylthio, C₁-C₆alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆alkylsulfonyl, NR₁₂R₁₃, C₁-C₆alkyl, C₂-C₆alkenyl, C₂-C₆alkynyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, tri(C₁-C₆alkyl)silyl, tri(C₁-C₆alkyl)-silyloxy or Ar₂;

or two substituents R₆ at the same carbon atom together form a -CH₂O- or a C₂-C₅alkylene chain, which may be interrupted once or twice by oxygen, sulfur, sulfinyl or sulfonyl and/or mono- or poly-substituted by R_{6c}, with the proviso that two hetero atoms may not be located next to one another;

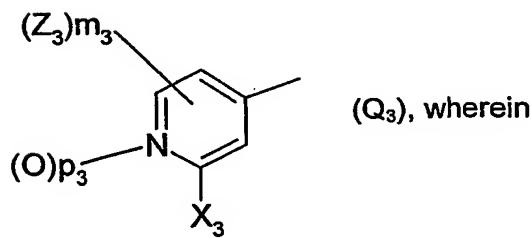
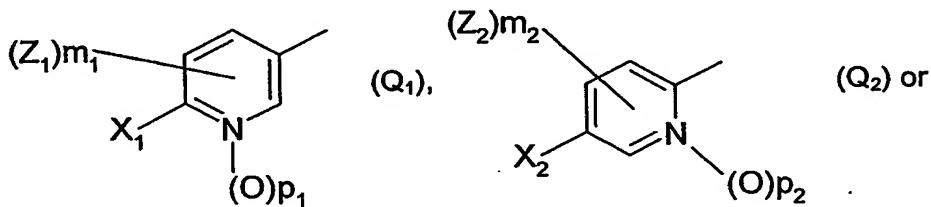
or two substituents R₆ at different carbon atoms together form an oxygen bridge or a C₁-C₄alkylene chain, which may in turn be substituted by R_{6c};

or R₇ and R₈ together form a -CH₂CH=CH-, -OCH=CH- or -CH=CH-CH=CH- bridge or a C₃-C₄alkylene chain, which may be interrupted by oxygen or -S(O)_{n1}- and/or mono- or poly-substituted by R_{6d};

R₃ is hydroxy, halogen, mercapto, C₁-C₈alkylthio, C₁-C₈alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₈alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₈haloalkylthio, C₁-C₈haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₈haloalkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy-C₁-C₄alkylthio, C₁-C₄alkoxy-C₁-C₄alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₄alkoxy-C₁-C₄alkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₈alkenylthio, C₃-C₈alkynylthio, C₁-C₄alkylthio-C₁-C₄alkylthio, C₃-C₈alkenylthio-C₁-C₄alkylthio, C₁-C₄alkoxy-carbonyl-C₁-C₄alkylthio, C₁-C₄alkoxycarbonyl-C₁-C₄alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₄alkoxycarbonyl-C₁-C₄alkylsulfonyl, C₃-C₈cycloalkylthio, C₃-C₈cycloalkylsulfinyl, C₃-C₈cycloalkylsulfonyl, phenyl-C₁-C₄alkylthio, phenyl-C₁-C₄alkylsulfinyl, phenyl-C₁-C₄alkylsulfonyl, S(O)n₁-Ar₃, phenylthio, phenylsulfinyl, phenylsulfonyl, it being possible for the phenyl-containing groups to be substituted by one or more C₁-C₃alkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl, C₁-C₃alkoxy, C₁-C₃haloalkoxy, C₁-C₄alkoxycarbonyl, halogen, cyano, hydroxy or nitro groups;

or R₃ is O⁻M⁺, wherein M⁺ is an alkali metal cation or an ammonium cation;

Q is a radical



p₁, p₂ and p₃ are 0 or 1;

m₁, m₂ and m₃ are 1, 2 or 3;

X₁, X₂ and X₃ are hydroxy, halogen, C₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₆haloalkyl, C₂-C₆alkenyl, C₂-C₆haloalkenyl, C₂-C₆alkynyl, C₂-C₆haloalkynyl, C₁-C₆alkoxy, C₁-C₆haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆alkylthio, C₁-C₆alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₆haloalkylthio, C₁-C₆haloalkylsulfinyl or C₁-C₆haloalkylsulfonyl;

Z₁, Z₂ and Z₃ are C₁-C₆alkyl which is substituted by the following substituents: C₃-C₄cycloalkyl or C₃-C₄cycloalkyl substituted by halogen, C₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₃alkoxy or C₁-C₃alkoxy-

C₁-C₃alkyl; oxiranyl or oxiranyl substituted by C₁-C₆alkyl or C₁-C₃alkoxy-C₁-C₃alkyl; 3-oxetanyl or 3-oxetanyl substituted by C₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₃alkoxy or C₁-C₃alkoxy-C₁-C₃alkyl; 3-oxetanyloxy or 3-oxetanyloxy substituted by C₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₃alkoxy or C₁-C₃alkoxy-C₁-C₃alkyl; C₃-C₆cycloalkyloxy or C₃-C₄cycloalkyloxy substituted by halogen, C₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₃alkoxy or C₁-C₃alkoxy-C₁-C₃alkyl; C₁-C₆haloalkoxy; C₁-C₆alkylsulfonyloxy; C₁-C₆haloalkyl-sulfonyloxy; phenylsulfonyloxy; benzylsulfonyloxy; benzoxyloxy; phenoxy; phenylthio; phenylsulfinyl; phenylsulfonyl; Ar₁₀; OAr₁₂; tri(C₁-C₆alkyl)silyl or tri(C₁-C₆alkyl)silyloxy, it being possible for the phenyl-containing groups to be mono- or poly-substituted by C₁-C₃alkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl, C₁-C₃alkoxy, C₁-C₃haloalkoxy, halogen, cyano, hydroxy or nitro; or Z₁, Z₂ and Z₃ are 3-oxetanyl; 3-oxetanyl substituted by C₁-C₃alkoxy, C₁-C₃alkoxy-C₁-C₃alkyl or C₁-C₆alkyl; C₃-C₆cycloalkyl substituted by halogen, C₁-C₆alkyl or C₁-C₃alkoxy-C₁-C₃alkyl; tri(C₁-C₆alkyl)silyl; tri(C₁-C₆alkyl)silyloxy or CH=P(phenyl)₃; or Z₁, Z₂ and Z₃ are a C₁-C₆alkyl, C₂-C₆alkenyl or C₂-C₆alkynyl group, which is interrupted by oxygen, -O(CO)-, -(CO)O-, -O(CO)O-, -N(R₁₄)O-, -ONR₁₅-, sulfur, sulfinyl, sulfonyl, -SO₂NR₁₆-, -NR₁₇SO₂- or -NR₁₈- and is mono- or poly-substituted by L₁; it also being possible for L₁ to be bonded at the terminal carbon atom of the C₁-C₆alkyl, C₂-C₆alkenyl or C₂-C₆alkynyl group; or Z₁, Z₂ and Z₃ are hydrogen, hydroxy, mercapto, NO₂, cyano, halogen, formyl, C₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₆haloalkyl, C₂-C₆alkenyl, C₂-C₆haloalkenyl, C₂-C₆alkynyl, C₂-C₆haloalkynyl, C₁-C₆alkoxy, C₁-C₆haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆alkoxycarbonyl, C₁-C₆alkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₆alkylthio, C₁-C₆alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₆alkylsulfinyl, NR₂₂R₂₃, phenyl which may be mono- or poly-substituted by C₁-C₃alkyl, C₁-C₃haloalkyl, C₁-C₃alkoxy, C₁-C₃haloalkoxy, halogen, cyano, hydroxy or nitro, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, C₅-C₆cycloalkyl substituted by C₁-C₃alkoxy, C₁-C₃alkoxy-C₁-C₃alkyl or C₁-C₆alkyl, or Ar₅, O-Ar₆, N(R₂₄)Ar₇ or S(O)n₆Ar₈; L₁ is hydrogen, halogen, hydroxy, amino, formyl, nitro, cyano, mercapto, carbamoyl, P(O)(OC₁-C₆alkyl)₂, C₁-C₆alkoxy, C₁-C₆haloalkoxy, C₁-C₆alkoxycarbonyl, C₂-C₆alkenyl, C₂-C₆haloalkenyl, C₂-C₆alkynyl, C₂-C₆haloalkynyl, C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, halo-substituted C₃-C₆cycloalkyl, C₃-C₆alkenyloxy, C₃-C₆alkynyloxy, C₃-C₆haloalkenyloxy, cyano-C₁-C₆alkoxy, C₁-C₆alkoxy-C₁-C₆alkoxy, C₁-C₆alkylthio-C₁-C₆alkoxy, C₁-C₆alkylsulfinyl-C₁-C₆alkoxy, C₁-C₆alkylsulfonyl-C₁-C₆alkoxy, C₁-C₆alkoxycarbonyl-C₁-C₆alkoxy, C₁-C₆alkylcarbonyloxy-C₁-C₆alkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₆alkylthio, C₁-C₆alkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆alkylsulfonyl, C₁-C₆haloalkylthio, C₁-C₆haloalkylsulfinyl, C₁-C₆haloalkylsulfonyl or oxiranyl, which may in turn be substituted by C₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₃alkoxy or C₁-C₃alkoxy-C₁-C₃alkyl, or (3-oxetanyl)-oxy, which may in turn be substituted by C₁-C₆alkyl, C₁-C₃alkoxy or C₁-C₃alkoxy-C₁-C₃alkyl, or benzoxyloxy, benzyloxy, benzylthio, benzylsulfinyl, benzylsulfonyl, C₁-C₆alkylamino, di(C₁-C₆alkyl)amino, R₁₉S(O)₂O-, R₂₀N(R₂₁)SO₂-, rhodano, phenyl, phenoxy, phenylthio, phenylsulfinyl, phenylsulfonyl, Ar₄ or

OAr_{11} , it being possible for the phenyl-containing groups in turn to be substituted by one or more $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_3\text{alkyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_3\text{haloalkyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_3\text{alkoxy}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_3\text{haloalkoxy}$, halogen, cyano, hydroxy or nitro groups;

R_{4a} and R_{5a} are each independently of the other hydrogen, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{haloalkyl}$, cyano, formyl, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkylcarbonyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkoxycarbonyl}$, carbamoyl, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkylaminocarbonyl}$, di($\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkylamino}$)carbonyl, di($\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkylamino}$)sulfonyl, $\text{C}_3\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{cycloalkylcarbonyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{-alkylsulfonyl}$, phenylcarbonyl, phenylaminocarbonyl or phenylsulfonyl, it being possible for the phenyl groups to be mono- or poly-substituted by $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{haloalkyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{-alkoxy}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{haloalkoxy}$, halogen, cyano, hydroxy or nitro;

R_{4b} and R_{5b} are each independently of the other hydroxy, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkoxy}$, $\text{C}_3\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkenyloxy}$, $\text{C}_3\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkynyoxy}$ or benzyloxy, it being possible for the benzyl group to be mono- or poly-substituted by $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{haloalkyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkoxy}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{haloalkoxy}$, halogen, cyano, hydroxy or nitro;

R_9 , R_{11} , R_{13} , R_{16} , R_{17} , R_{18} , R_{20} , R_{23} and R_{24} are each independently of the others hydrogen, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkyl}$, Ar_9 , $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{haloalkyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkylcarbonyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkoxycarbonyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkylsulfonyl}$, phenyl, it being possible for the phenyl group in turn to be mono- or poly-substituted by $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{haloalkyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkoxy}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{haloalkoxy}$, halogen, cyano, hydroxy or nitro; R_{6a} is hydrogen, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkyl}$ or $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkylcarbonyl}$; or together with R_{6b} is a $\text{C}_2\text{-}\text{C}_5\text{alkylene}$ chain;

R_{6b} , R_{6d} , R_{10} , R_{12} and R_{22} are each independently of the others hydrogen or $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkyl}$; R_{6c} , R_{14} , R_{15} , R_{19} and R_{21} are each independently of the others $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkyl}$ or $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{haloalkyl}$; Ar_1 , Ar_2 , Ar_3 , Ar_4 , Ar_5 , Ar_6 , Ar_7 , Ar_8 , Ar_9 , Ar_{10} , Ar_{11} and Ar_{12} are each independently of the others a five- to ten-membered, monocyclic or fused bicyclic ring system, which may be aromatic, partially saturated or fully saturated and may contain from 1 to 4 hetero atoms selected from nitrogen, oxygen, sulfur, $\text{C}(\text{O})$ and $\text{C}(\text{=NR}_{25})$, and each ring system may contain not more than two oxygen atoms, not more than two sulfur atoms, not more than two $\text{C}(\text{O})$ groups and not more than one $\text{C}(\text{=NR}_{25})$ group, and each ring system may itself be mono- or poly-substituted by $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{haloalkyl}$, $\text{C}_2\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkenyl}$, $\text{C}_2\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{haloalkenyl}$, $\text{C}_2\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkynyl}$, $\text{C}_2\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{haloalkynyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkoxy}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{haloalkoxy}$, $\text{C}_3\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkenyloxy}$, $\text{C}_3\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkynyoxy}$, mercapto, amino, hydroxy, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkylthio}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{haloalkylthio}$, $\text{C}_3\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkenylthio}$, $\text{C}_3\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{haloalkenylthio}$, $\text{C}_3\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkynylthio}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_3\text{alkoxy-C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_3\text{alkylthio}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_4\text{alkylcarbonyl-C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_3\text{alkylthio}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_4\text{alkoxycarbonyl-C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_3\text{alkylthio}$, cyano- $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_3\text{alkylthio}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkylsulfinyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{haloalkylsulfinyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkylsulfonyl}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{haloalkylsulfonyl}$, aminosulfonyl, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_2\text{alkylamino-sulfonyl}$, $\text{N,N-di(C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_2\text{alkyl)aminosulfonyl}$, di($\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_4\text{alkyl)$ amino, halogen, cyano, nitro or phenyl, it being possible for the phenyl group in turn to be substituted by hydroxy, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{-alkylthio}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{haloalkylthio}$, $\text{C}_3\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkenylthio}$, $\text{C}_3\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{haloalkenylthio}$, $\text{C}_3\text{-}\text{C}_6\text{alkynylthio}$,

C_1 - C_3 alkoxy- C_1 - C_3 alkylthio, C_1 - C_4 alkylcarbonyl- C_1 - C_3 alkylthio, C_1 - C_4 alkoxycarbonyl- C_1 - C_3 -alkylthio, cyano- C_1 - C_3 alkylthio, C_1 - C_6 alkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_6 haloalkylsulfinyl, C_1 - C_6 alkylsulfonyl, C_1 - C_6 haloalkylsulfonyl, aminosulfonyl, C_1 - C_2 alkylaminosulfonyl, N,N-di(C_1 - C_2 alkyl)amino-sulfonyl, di(C_1 - C_4 alkyl)amino, halogen, cyano or nitro, and the substituents at the nitrogen atom in the heterocyclic ring being other than halogen, and two oxygen atoms not being located next to one another;

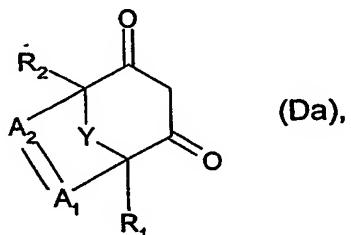
R_{25} is hydrogen, hydroxy, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, C_1 - C_6 haloalkyl, C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, C_1 - C_6 alkylcarbonyl,

C_1 - C_6 alkoxycarbonyl or C_1 - C_6 alkylsulfonyl; and

n_1 is 0, 1 or 2; and n_6 is 0, 1 or 2;

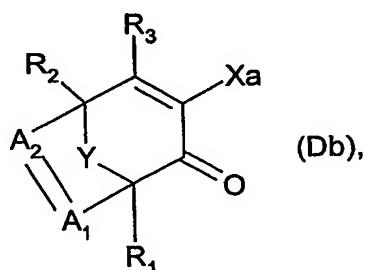
or an agronomically acceptable salt/isomer/enantiomer/tautomer of such a compound.

2. A compound of formula Da

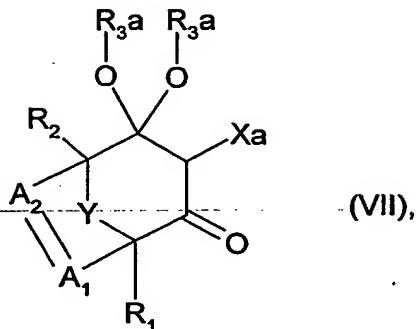


wherein Y , R_1 , R_2 , A_1 and A_2 are as defined for formula I in claim 1.

3. A compound of formula Db



wherein A_1 , A_2 , R_1 , R_2 and Y are as defined for formula I in claim 1, Xa is hydrogen, chlorine or bromine and R_3 is hydroxy or C_1 - C_6 alkoxy, with the exception of the compounds 3-chloro-8-oxa-bicyclo[3.2.1]oct-6-ene-2,4-dione; 3-chloro-bicyclo[3.2.1]oct-6-ene-2,4-dione; 3-chloro-4-hydroxy-bicyclo[3.2.1]octa-3,6-dien-2-one; 3,4-dibromo-8-oxa-bicyclo[3.2.1]octa-3,6-dien-2-one; 3,4-dibromo-1,5-dimethyl-8-oxa-bicyclo[3.2.1]octa-3,6-dien-2-one; 3,4-dibromo-bicyclo[3.2.1]octa-3,6-dien-2-one; 3,4-dichloro-8-oxa-bicyclo[3.2.1]octa-3,6-dien-2-one; 3,4-dichloro-bicyclo[3.2.1]octa-3,6-dien-2-one and 7,8-dibromo-5,9-dihydro-5,9-methano-benzo-cyclohepten-6-one.

4. A compound of formula VII

wherein A₁, A₂, R₁, R₂, Y are as defined for formula I in claim 1, Xa is hydrogen, chlorine or bromine and R_{3a} is C₁-C₆alkyl or two R_{3a} together are -CH₂CH₂-.

5. A herbicidal and plant-growth-inhibiting composition, comprising a herbicidally effective amount of a compound of formula I according to claim 1 on an inert carrier.

6. A method of controlling undesired plant growth, which method comprises applying a compound of formula I according to claim 5, or a composition comprising such a compound, in a herbicidally effective amount to a plant or to the locus thereof.

7. A method of inhibiting plant growth, which method comprises applying a compound of formula I according to claim 5, or a composition comprising such a compound, in a herbicidally effective amount to a plant or to the locus thereof.